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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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EXAMINER

HUFFMAN, JULIAN D

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2853

DATE MAILED: 06/14/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/964,316

Applicant(s)

HEILES ET AL.

Examiner

Julian D. Huffman

Art Unit

2853

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08 April 2005.
- 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-18, 20-42, 44, 45 and 48-52 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-18, 20-42, 44, 45 and 48-52 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 26 September 2004 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____
- ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 15 March 2005 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

3. Claims 1-18, 20-42, 44, 45 and 48-52 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Subirada et al. (U.S. 20020126171 A1).

With regards to claim 1, 16 and 18, Subirada et al. discloses a printing device, (fig.16), comprising:

a pen (fig. 17, elements 223-226) configured to transfer an imaging medium onto a

print media to form a printed diagnostic image (figs. 1 and 4) which includes printing first swath images on the print media, advancing the print media, and printing second swath images on the print media, the first swath images and the second swath images being printed to form the printed diagnostic image (0713);

a sensor (fig. 17, element 251) configured to detect pen swath optical densities from the printed diagnostic image (0181, 0330);

an application component (fig. 18, element 71) configured to determine an error compensation factor from the pen swath optical densities (0157, 0158, the value PBF, which is calculated from density data obtained by the optical sensor for each pen, is a factor which is used to compensate for line feed advance error, 0258-0262); and

a print media line feed advance (A_p) configured to be offset corresponding to the error compensation factor (0258, the value A_p is calculated using the PBF value for each pen).

With regards to claims 26 and 42, Subirada et al. discloses a method and a computer-readable media storing instructions to execute the method (0342), to correct printing mechanism swath height and line-feed advance errors, comprising:

printing a diagnostic image on a print media (fig. 4);

detecting pen swath optical densities from the diagnostic image (0181, 0330);

determining an error compensation factor and a pen swath height (calculating the density of the printed images is equivalent to determining pen swath height since overlap of swaths increases the density and therefore decreases the swath height, while

too much space between swaths decreases the density and increases the swath height) from the pen swath optical densities (0258, Ap); and

offsetting a print media line-feed advance corresponding to the error compensation factor (0258).

With regards to claims 37 and 44, Subirada et al. discloses a method and computer-readable media for executing the method (0340), to determine a printing device media line-feed advance offset, comprising:

printing first swath images, advancing the print media, and printing second swath images (fig. 4, 0173, 0216);

detecting a first optical density correlating to a first offset between the first swath images and corresponding second swath images (0173, 0181, sensor detects offset between first swath and second swath);

detecting at least a second optical density correlating to a second offset between the first swath images and corresponding second swath images (0173, 0181, sensor detects offset between first and second swaths for each set of first and second swaths, printed with different colors and different advance amounts);

determining the printing device media line-feed advance offset from the detected optical densities (0258).

With regards to claim 41, Subirada et al. discloses detecting multiple optical densities correlating to multiple different offsets between the first swath images and the second swath images (0173), and wherein determining includes determining an optimal density from the detected multiple optical densities (0258).

With regards to claims 2, 17, 27 and 45, multiple sets (3) of diagnostic images are formed and detected (figs. 1 and 4).

With regards to claims 3, 7-10, 20-22, 28-32 and 48-50 the pen is configured to form the diagnostic image with first swath images and second swath images (figs. 1 and 4), wherein the second swath images are printed after the first swath images and after a media line-feed advance (0173) and wherein the sensor is configured to detect alignment, overlap and offset of the first and second swath images.

With regards to claim 4, the image has overlapping swath images (abstract).

With regards to claims 5 and 6, the sensor is further configured to detect pen swath optical densities from multiple sets of print swath images that form the printed diagnostic image, each set of print swath images printed at a different print media line-feed advance offset and having a different detectable spacing component (0173).

With regards to claims 11, 23, 33, 38 and 51 the application component is configured to average multiple pen swath optical densities to determine the pen swath height error compensation factor and print media line-feed advance offset (fig. 18, the circuit 71 processes all of the calculations to control the line feed advance, which is calculated using a weighted mean calculated from the values of each pen, 0258).

With regards to claim 39, since the optical density value is used to determine the PBF value for each pen, one of these values must have a lowest value, and this lowest value is therefore selected in the process of calculating the PBF value. With regards to claim 40, since the pattern is printed using each of the pens (0170-0173), printing includes printing the first and second swath images with one pen to form the diagnostic

image. The claim language does not state that only one pen is used.

With regards to claims 12, 13, 24, 34, 35 and 52 the device further comprises at least a second pen (fig. 17) configured to transfer the imaging medium onto the print media to form a second printed diagnostic image (0173), wherein:

the sensor is configured to detect second pen swath optical densities from the second printed diagnostic image (0180);

the application component is further configured to determine a second error compensation factor (PBF) from the second pen swath optical densities (0258, the PBF is calculated for each pen);

the application component is further configured to determine an optimal error compensation factor (A_p) from the error compensation factor and the second error compensation factor (0258, the PBF value for each pen is summed in the formula to arrive at an optimal error compensation value A_p); and

the print media line-feed advance is further configured to be offset corresponding to the optimal error compensation factor (0258, the advance is offset corresponding to the value A_p , which is the optimal error compensation value).

With regards to claims 14, 15, 25 and 36, the formula averages the optical densities of the first and second pens to calculate the offset since it determines an averaged error compensation factor (0258, the formula averages the PBF values, which represent the optical densities of the image, to find the optimal offset).

Conclusion

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Julian D. Huffman whose telephone number is (571) 272-2147. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30a.m.-6:00p.m. Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Meier can be reached on (571) 272-2149. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).



JH
13 June 2005


K. FEGGINS
PRIMARY EXAMINER
4/05